

Numerical simulation of epithelial tissues using FENE-P viscoelastic fluid model

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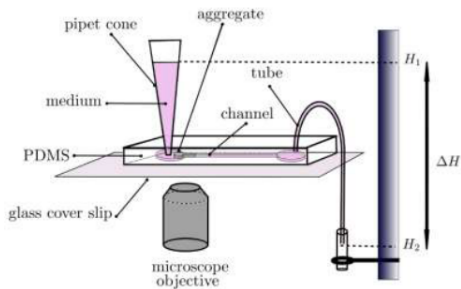
AERC Lyon-France
April 17th, 2025



Introduction

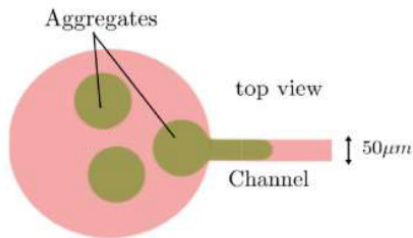
Epithelial tissues

- Role: wound healing, morphogenesis, ...
- Active processes: division, growth, migration ...
- Passive processes: stress, deformation → **rheology**

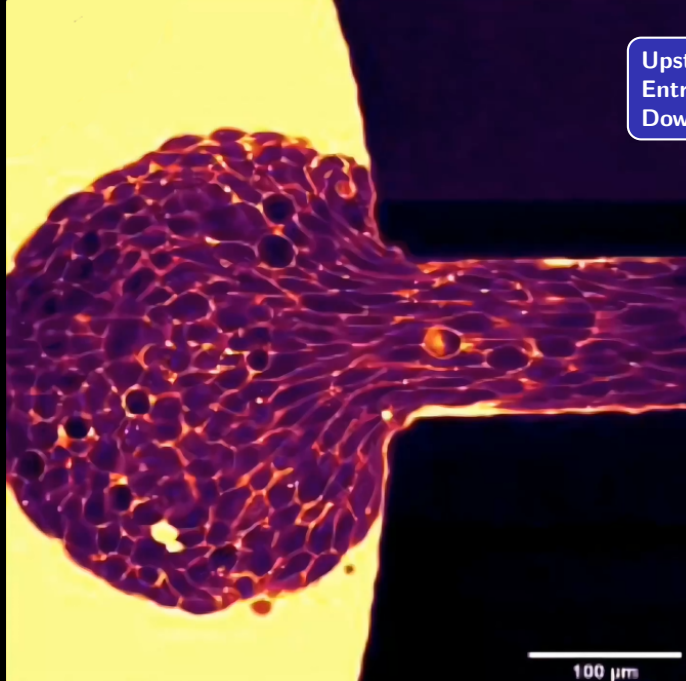


Experiments [Tlili et al. 2022]

- Abrupt contraction
- Heterogeneous flow
- Large deformations

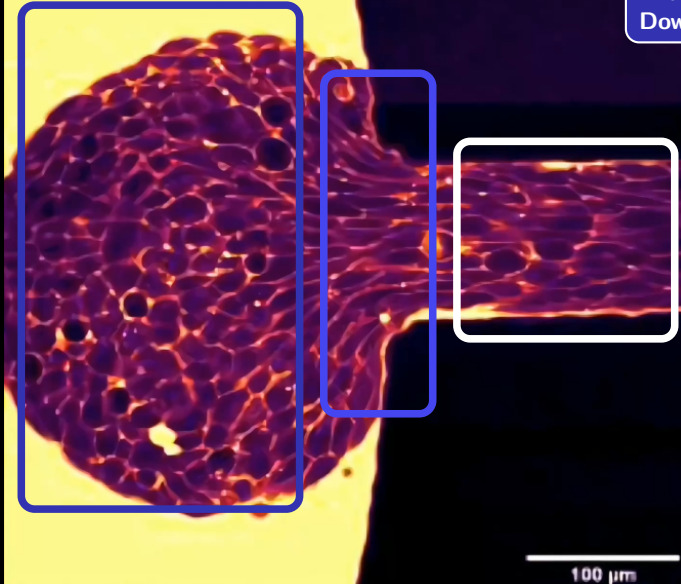


Upstream: rest, circular
Entrance: stretch, shear
Downstream: relaxation



100 μm

Upstream: rest, circular
Entrance: stretch, shear
Downstream: relaxation



Modeling needs

Unknowns

Pressure p
Velocity $\mathbf{u}$
Conformation $\mathbf{c}$

} Non-Newtonian

Features

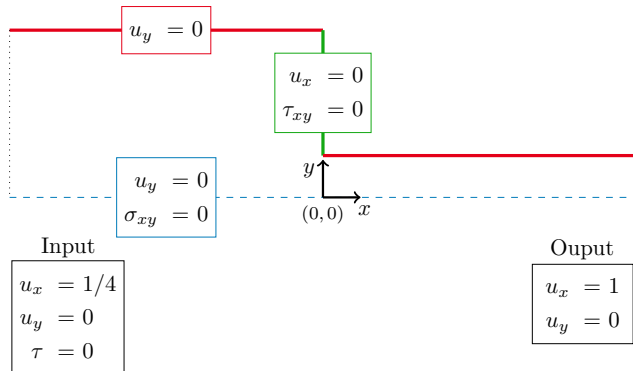
1. Stationary solutions
2. Slip boundaries
3. Abrupt geometry

Parameters

Viscosity α
Weissenberg We
Reynolds Re

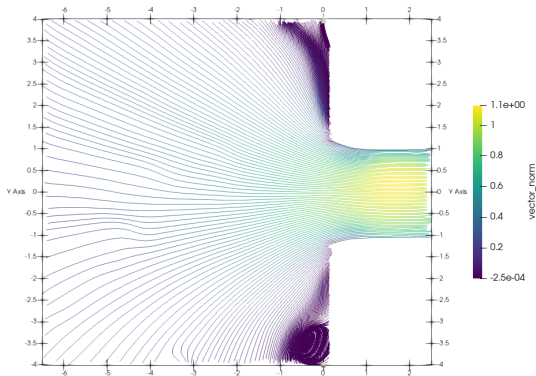
Assumptions

1. Isotropic rest state
2. $Re \ll 1$ (small velocity)
3. Depth invariance $\rightarrow$ 2D

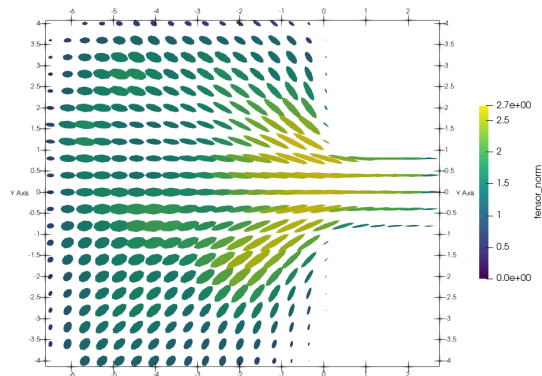


Experimental data fields

Velocity & conformation



Velocity streamlines



Conformation field

Identify: Cell shape $\longleftrightarrow$ Ellipse

Navier-Stokes is not enough !

Oldroyd-B model

[Oldroyd 1950]

Find $\mathbf{c}$, $\mathbf{u}$ and p defined in Ω such that

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{lcl} \text{We } \overset{\nabla}{\mathbf{c}} + \mathbf{c} & = & \frac{\alpha}{\text{We}} \mathbb{I}_d \\ \cancel{\text{Re}} \frac{D\mathbf{u}}{Dt} - \text{div}(\boldsymbol{\sigma}) & = & 0 \\ \text{div}(\mathbf{u}) & = & 0 \\ \boldsymbol{\sigma} & = & \mathbf{c} - \frac{\alpha}{\text{We}} \mathbb{I}_d + 2(1 - \alpha)D(\mathbf{u}) - p \cdot \mathbb{I}_d \end{array} \right.$$

$\mathbf{c}$	Conformation
$\mathbf{u}$	Velocity
p	Pressure
—	—
We	Weissenberg
α	Polymeric viscosity

Assets

- Linear, large deformations
- Few parameters

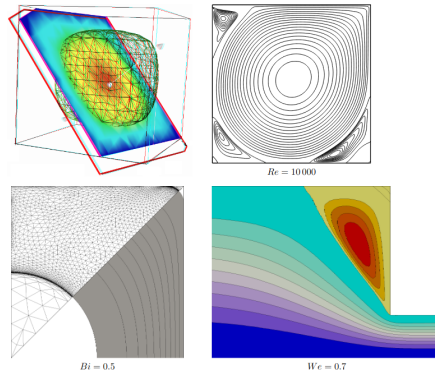
Shortcomings

- Unbounded $\text{Tr}(\mathbf{c})$ [Avesiani - internship 2023]
- No global existence result [Renardy, Thomases 2022]

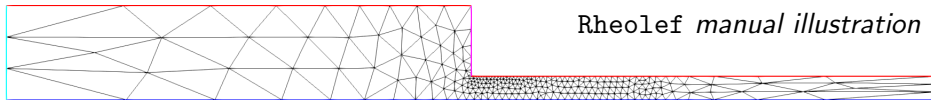
Main items

- Finite Elements Method
- Damped Newton algorithm
- Log of conformation formulation
- Parallel Computing & C++

Rheolef 7.2 [Saramito 2003-2025]



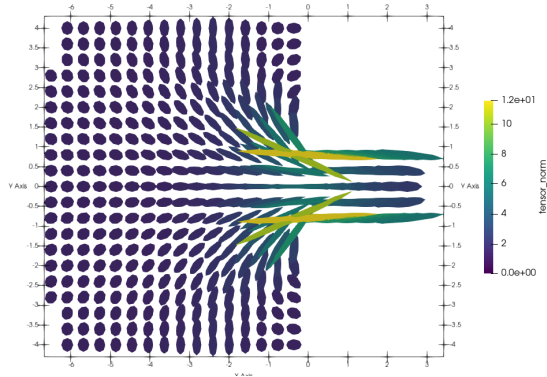
Rheolef manual illustration



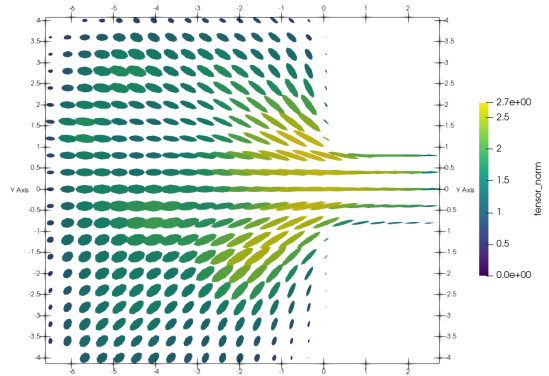
Example mesh of contraction geometry

Oldroyd-B vs. Experiments

Conformation maps



Model



Experiment

Entrance stretching too important

Need elasticity limitation !

FENE-P model

[Bird et al. 1980]

Find $\mathbf{c}$, $\mathbf{u}$ and p defined in Ω such that

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{We } \overset{\nabla}{\mathbf{c}} + \frac{\mathbf{c}}{1 - \beta \frac{\text{We}}{\alpha} \text{Tr}(\mathbf{c})} = \frac{\frac{\alpha}{\text{We}} \mathbb{I}_d}{1 - \beta d} \\ \cancel{\text{Re}} \frac{D\mathbf{u}}{Dt} - \text{div}(\boldsymbol{\sigma}) = 0 \\ \text{div}(\mathbf{u}) = 0 \\ \\ \boldsymbol{\sigma} = \frac{\mathbf{c}}{1 - \beta \frac{\text{We}}{\alpha} \text{Tr}(\mathbf{c})} - \frac{\frac{\alpha}{\text{We}} \mathbb{I}_d}{1 - \beta d} + 2(1 - \alpha)D(\mathbf{u}) - p \cdot \mathbb{I}_d \end{array} \right.$$

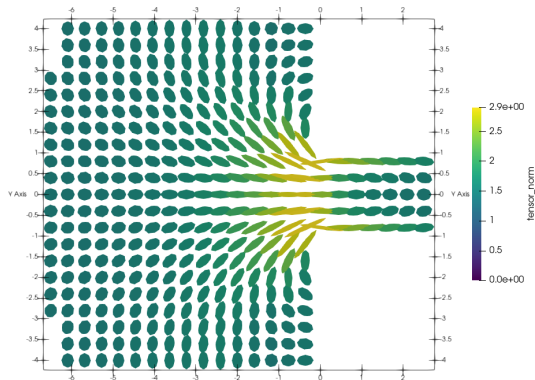
$\mathbf{c}$	Conformation
$\mathbf{u}$	Velocity
p	Pressure
$-$	$-$
We	Weissenberg
α	Polymeric viscosity
β	Extension limiter

Assets

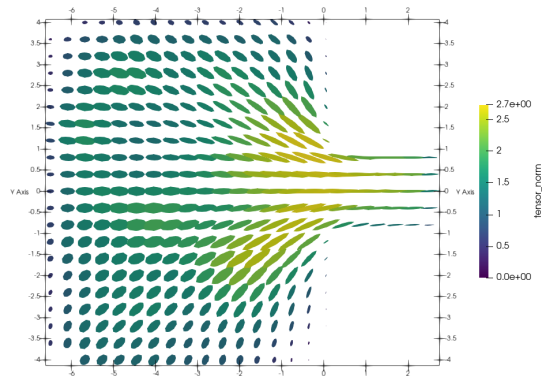
- Large deformations & $\text{Tr}(\mathbf{c}) < \frac{\alpha}{\beta \text{We}}$
- Contains Oldroyd-B ($\beta = 0$)
- Global (weak) existence [Masmoudi 2011]
- Isotropic rest state $\mathbf{c} = \frac{\alpha}{\text{We}} \mathbb{I}_d$

FENE-P vs. Experiments

Conformation maps



Model

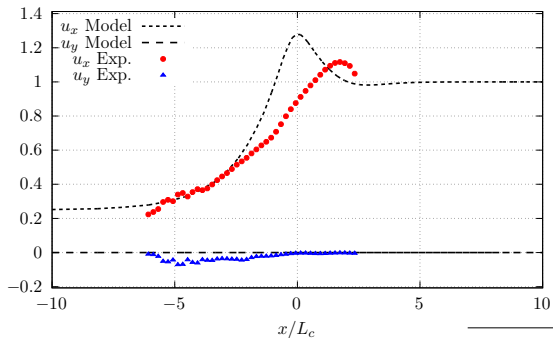


Experiment

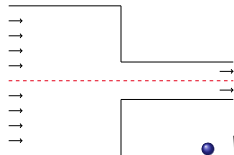
Upstream & Entrance ✓

Downstream relaxation not matching !

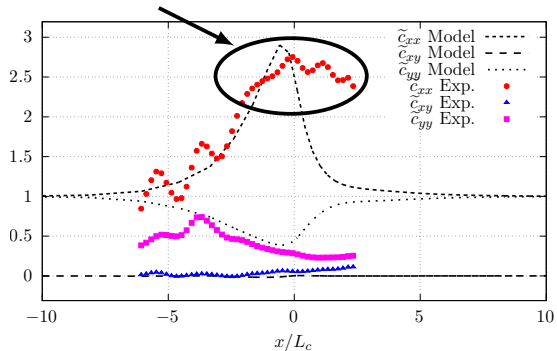
Symmetry axis graph



Velocity



- Good agreement upstream
- Downstream plug flow



Conformation

- We number cannot be increased
- Need for a yield stress

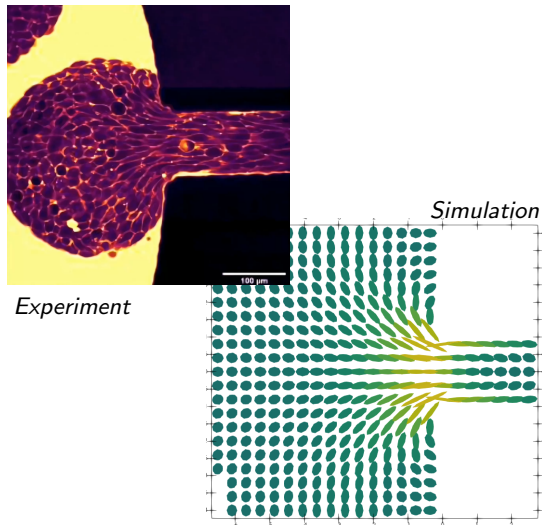
Conclusion

Advances

- Epithelial tissues: viscoelastic behavior
 - Oldroyd-B: unbounded extension
 - FENE-P: upstream and entrance ✓
 - **Agreement for large deformation viscoelasticity**
- + Slip b.c. & HPC implementation

Current Limitation

- Upstream / Downstream states
- **Need for a yield stress**

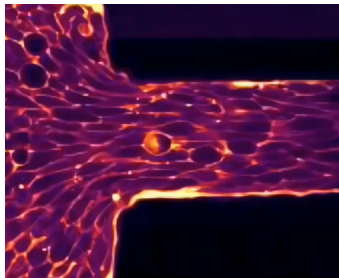


Modeling

- Elastoviscoplastic FENE-P
- Yield stress

Data

- Test other mutants
- Change pressure gradient
- Diversify geometries
- Study cellular density field

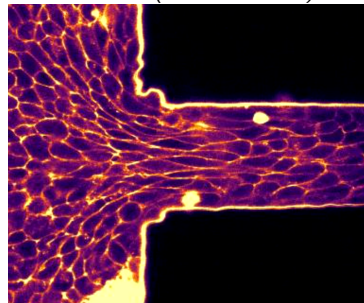


Initial lineage

Change
downstream relaxation

[Tlili, Graner, Delanoë-Ayari, 2022]

Mutants (α -catenin-null)



Thank you for listening !